

POPE EXPECTS TWO MORE YEARS OF WAR



The



World.



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Russia to Fight On; Reorganizing Army MRS. KING'S SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX EMPTY

MRS. MELVIN CONSTANTLY GUARDED IN MEANS HOME, SAYS MRS. KING'S FRIEND

Sought in Vain to Have Private
Conversation With Tragedy
Victim's Sister.

MURDER PLOT CHARGED

Swann Says Conspiracy Was
Hatched There to Rob and
Kill Rich Woman.

The safe deposit box rented by Mrs. Maude A. King in the Netherlands Bank of this city, was opened late this afternoon by Assistant District Attorney Dooling, who was accompanied by representatives of the State Comptroller's office, and representatives of the bank. The box was drilled, and when opened was found to contain one rubber band.

Two years ago this box contained securities to the value of \$600,000. According to the record of the company, the last time the box was opened was last spring, when Mrs. King visited the vault, accompanied by a man of whom the keeper was able to give a good description.

Miss Anna Dolan, the trained nurse who for several years was close friend and companion of Mrs. King, who, in the opinion of District Attorney Swann, was murdered near Concord, N. C., on Aug. 29, returned to-day from the North Carolina town where she went several days ago when she learned that Mrs. Melvin, the sister of Mrs. King, was sick at the home of the parents of Gaston B. Means.

"Within half an hour of my arrival in Concord," she said, "I put in a call by long distance telephone. Immediately it seemed that everybody is town knew that I had asked for this party, and the news must have reached the Means house within a few minutes, for in less than half an hour Gaston Means called at the hotel in an automobile and asked me to come to his parents' home and see Mrs. Melvin, who was ill."

"I found that this was quite true. Mrs. Melvin is in a state of nervous collapse. She is obliged to have frequent resort to bromides."

"I was greeted pleasantly by Means's mother and sisters, who appear quietly confident that the whole matter of Mrs. King's death will blow over in a few days. I saw Mrs. Melvin within a minute or two of my arrival at the house, but it was impossible for me to talk with her alone. Always, Gaston Means or one of the others of the family would be at her elbow."

NO CHANCE TO TALK TO MRS. MELVIN IN PRIVATE.

"When they insisted that I must not think of stopping at the hotel, but must stay with them, I thought I would soon be able to make opportunity for a private call with Mrs. Melvin, so I readily consented, especially when it was added that I had better share her bedroom on account of her nervousness. But when I went to the bedroom it was to find that Belle Means, one of Gaston's sisters, was also to sleep there."

"In the presence of Julia Means, the wife of Gaston, I had some conversation with Mrs. Melvin concerning recent happenings in New York. I told her of the discovery by the police of the dictograph installed in the apartment of Means. Mrs. Means became greatly agitated, but said at once that 'Bud' would never think of

BAKER ASKS EQUIPMENT FOR ARMY OF 2,300,000

Puts Estimates for Additional Appropriations of \$287,416,000 Before Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—With the beginning of Senate hearings on the urgent deficiency bill to-day, Secretary Baker presented estimates for additional appropriations of \$287,416,000, principally for ordnance and the engineering service.

"The submission of all these estimates," Secretary Baker said, "is made necessary in order to provide increased facilities for the manufacture, issue and storage of ordnance material, for equipment of an additional half million men in anticipation of a call for that number, for procuring additional rifles and an additional supply of small arms ammunition for machine guns, rifle and pistol target practice of an army of 2,300,000, for construction work with which the Engineer Corps is charged in France, and for equipment of special troops operating in the theatre of war in Europe."

Agreement on the War Credits Bill authorizing \$11,538,000,000 of new bonds and certificates, was reached by Senate and House conferees with no change in the issues proposed.

Adoption of the conference report to-morrow by the Senate and by the House on Friday is planned.

The bill authorizes \$7,528,000,000 of new convertible 4 per cent. bonds, \$2,900,000,000 of war saving certificates and the same amount of short term treasury certificates.

TRAINING CAMP OFFICERS TO TOUR BATTLE FRONTS

Will Get First-Hand Information for Use in Getting Regulars and Guardsmen Ready.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Regular and National Guard General Officers commanding divisional training camps are to be sent to Europe on an observation tour of the battlefronts, returning to carry on their training duties at the close of the tour. Formal announcement of this plan by the War Department is expected.

Under the voluntary censorship specific movements of general officers may not be published without authorization of the military authorities. For this reason the list of divisional commanders already selected to make the tour will be available only when the department's announcement is made. It is assumed, however, that if possible every division commander will be given an opportunity in time to familiarize himself somewhat with actual war conditions abroad.

U. S. YOUTH TO BE CALLED ON AS LABOR RESERVE

Plans of Working and Going to School in Alternate Weeks Now Being Worked Out.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—America's youth may be called upon to relieve the national labor shortage by working and going to school in alternate weeks.

There will be no compulsion, no relaxing of the law, no panicky exodus from the schools, but an adjustment probably will be made whereby girls and boys may actively aid their country without jeopardizing their education.

Plans with this end in view are being perfected by the Department of Labor, the United States Boys' Working Reserve and the Federal Bureau of Education. With schools and colleges already opening, a definite movement is expected shortly.

1,036 MORE MEN OF NATIONAL ARMY DEPART FOR CAMP

City's Second Quota Given Farewell at Trains—Police Seek 32 Absentees.

Greater New York's second contingent of young men to the New National Army started for Camp Upton, Yaphank, before noon to-day—the Manhattan and Queens contingent from Long Island City, the Bronx boys from the Pennsylvania station and those from Brooklyn from the Atlantic Avenue station in Brooklyn. There were also in the delegation recruits from White Plains, New Rochelle, Mt. Vernon and other points in Westchester and towns along the Hudson River below Poughkeepsie. The total of selected men leaving to-day was 1,036.

After the departure of the contingent from the railroad stations reports made to Selective Draft Headquarters from the various local boards which furnished men for to-day's quota showed that thirty-two recruits who had been notified had failed to appear. Their names were furnished to the Police Department and a squad of detectives under command of Inspector Dillon started out this afternoon to hunt them down.

In the first contingent to leave for Yaphank there were thirty-one absentees. It was found that twenty-five of these were honestly mistaken in failing to report and they were not punished. The other six were proved to be slackers and one has already been found by the District Board to be a physical coward because of a nervous infirmity.

It is anticipated that a majority of to-day's thirty-two absentees will have good excuses, but there will be no more leniency. From this time the authorities will observe the letter of the law, which provides that the mailing of a card to a selected man is sufficient notice and that all selected men are obligated to keep themselves informed as to when they may be called.

The departure of the first recruits last week took the edge of novelty off to-day's movement and the crowds at the railroad stations were almost entirely composed of persons directly interested in the men who are leaving their homes and employment for service as soldiers in the field. Nevertheless points of departure were all jammed with people and there was plenty of music and cheering and flag waving everywhere.

FAREWELL TO BRONX BOYS

DELAYS START.

The Bronx boys brought down a great assemblage of relatives, who were so insistent in their farewells that they delayed the departure of the special train. In Long Island City the well-wishers and tearful relatives were not allowed to pass through the gates to the station platform.

The Manhattan, Queens and Westchester delegation was the largest numerically and occupied two special trains. Hundreds of the boys carried parcels containing clothing or tobacco or camp luxuries which had been contributed by persons interested in their comfort.

The forty-two men from New Rochelle, for instance, were equipped with service hats and service kits contributed by the city and sweaters, wristlets and knitted helmets contributed by the city.

(Continued on Second Page.)

Enrolled voters have their only opportunity to-day to express their preferences for party nominees. The polls, in this city, will be open from 3 P. M. to 9 P. M. Every voter who is enrolled should exercise his right to vote in the primaries.

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HARD BLOWS AT GERMANY WITH GREAT FIGHTING FORCE, PLEDGE MADE BY RUSSIANS

Government Also Arranging for Convention Which Will Establish Permanent Control

PETROGRAD, Sept. 19.—The cabinet crisis settled, the Korniloff revolt quelled, the Provisional Government to-day turned its energies to the reorganization of the army on an enormous scale and preparing for the constituent assembly which will fix Russia's form of government.

Military reorganization is going on under the direction of Premier Kerensky, Commander-in-Chief, and the Ministers of War and Marine, who are now at Mohilev, the main headquarters in the field.

"It is a mistake for Germany to think the revolution has destroyed the Russian army," declared Gen. Verkhovsky, the new War Minister. "It will soon become strong again and will fight to the end for the dignity and safety of the Fatherland."

"The first task of my associates and myself is to create an army on the basis of those of other nations. I can assure you that measures taken will create a mighty revolutionary army."

"Russia ought not to shut her eyes to the painful situation of her army, but it should also be pointed out that Germany's, Austria's and Turkey's armies are no better."

Roumanian forces yesterday attacked the Austro-German positions south of Grozovitch, in the Oca region, and occupied one of the heights there, says to-day's official statement of the Russian War Department.

Active steps were begun throughout the nation to establish voting boards and the complicated machinery by which delegates will be elected for the Constitutional Conference on Dec. 11.

Premier Kerensky, at the army front to-day issued a proclamation expressing the Government's thanks to the Committees on Public Safety formed at the time of the Korniloff rebellion. He asked that they now dissolve, their functions having ceased to be a necessity.

Orders for cancellation of the instructions to arrest Gen. Kaledin, hetman of the Don Cossacks, who refused allegiance to the Provisional Government at the time Korniloff started his rebellion, have been issued.

Dispatches from Peking to-day stated that thirty-five Maximillians charged with disobeying orders had been condemned to hard labor for sentences varying from six to ten years. Prosecutions were said to be proceeding elsewhere against this type of malcontents.

Kerensky Restored Order While Virtually a Prisoner.

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STOCKHOLM, Sept. 19.—At the moment when Korniloff's revolt was at its height, Russia's "peace at any price" fanatics were in the saddle in Petrograd. Premier Kerensky was virtually a prisoner in the Winter Palace and armed mobs, deluged with power, roamed the streets.

This story of wild excesses of growing power of the Bolsheviki adherents, and of Russia's perilous situation of last week, can now be

(Continued on Second Page.)

U. S. SHIP SUNK; CAPTAIN AND EIGHT OF HER CREW LOST

British Admiralty Reports Torpedoing of Platania by a German Submarine.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The American steamer Platania was torpedoed by a German submarine on Sept. 15. Forty-five survivors have been landed by an Italian steamer.

The master of the Platania and eight of the crew were drowned.

UNSEATING OF LA FOLLETTE ASKED AT WAR CONVENTION

Resolution Urging Senate Action Followed by Cry of "Hang the Traitor!"

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 19.—The expulsion of Robert M. La Follette from the United States Senate was demanded by the Association of Commerce of Green Bay, Wis., in a resolution presented to the War Convention to-day by A. E. Winter, President of the Green Bay body. The resolution asked the national chamber to urge the Senate to take this action. It was referred to the Resolutions Committee.

It was received rather facetiously by the convention, although one of the delegates shouted "hang the traitor!"

Mayor Thompson, of '6th German City,' Comes Out for U. S.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Mayor William Hale Thompson, whose opposition to sending troops to France aroused comment all over the country, to-day issued a proclamation, occasioned by the departure of selected men from Chicago to the Rockford cantonment. In the course of the preamble he says:

"Whereas, it is the duty of all patriotic citizens to stand by our country in times of controversy with any other country, and to show in an unmistakable way that the American people stand behind the army and the navy, which represent the majesty of our Government."

He calls upon citizens of the "sixth German city," as he labelled Chicago some time ago, to advise soldiers and sailors "we are united in a common love for the blessings of our free Government."

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FIND SLAIN CHILD, DROWNED BY GIRL, IN PASSAIC RIVER

Young Woman Says She Killed Little Mary Rose for Revenge on Father.

The body of eight-year-old Mary Rose, who had been missing from her home in Paterson, N. J., since Monday, was found to-day in the Passaic River at that place, about fifty feet from the spot where Mary Cattone, twenty-two years old, told the police she had drowned the child because of a grievance against the little girl's family.

The Cattone girl, after she had been arraigned to-day on the charge of murder and held without bail, declared, the police say, that she took little Mary's life to revenge herself upon Charles Rose, the child's father. Rose denied there was any reason why the girl should have revenged on him.

The Cattone girl was not a servant in the Rose family as has been stated. She works in a Paterson silk mill. Rose is also employed there.

Detective Sergeants Lord, Keppeler and Moore recovered the body with the aid of grappling irons about 10 o'clock this morning after dragging the river throughout the night. Up to the time the body was found the little girl's parents were hopeful that the girl's story would prove untrue and that the child would be found unharmed. They inclined to the theory she had wandered away and on this assumption made a house to house search of the neighborhood where little Mary and the Cattone girl were last seen.

Miss Cattone was found weeping in the Passaic River late Monday afternoon, muttering incoherently that she was heartbroken and wanted to die. She fought the two young men who dragged her from the water and kept crying "The baby is in there! The baby is in the water!" She was arrested and placed under observation, the police paying little attention to her rambling statements until those reported Monday night that her daughter Mary and her mother had been seen in the Passaic River. In the first confession the Cattone girl is alleged to have said: "Baby is dead. I drowned her in the river and then tried to drown myself. I had her out for a walk and when we got to the river I told Mary I was going to kill both of us in the water. She tried to run away from me and cried, but I put my hand over her mouth and dragged her into the river."

"I held her head under water until she didn't move any more. Then I let go of her and she floated away. After that I tried to drown myself, but I was stopped."

Six of the German crew were released. It was declared, and held as prisoners.

Two More Norwegian Ships Sunk by U Boats

Foreign Office Says That Two Men From Each Vessel Were Lost.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, Sept. 19.—German submarines have sunk the Norwegian steamships Faeto, of 2,372 tons gross, and Thomas Krag, of 3,569 tons gross. It was announced to-day at the Norwegian Foreign Office.

Two men from each vessel lost their lives.

\$70,000,000 MORE TO ALLIES

Loans to Britain and France.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Loans of \$70,000,000 to Great Britain and \$20,000,000 to France were announced by the Treasury Department to-day.

This brings the total thus far advanced to the Allies up to \$2,191,600,000.

(Far Racing Results See Page 2.)

PONTIFF NOW CONVINCED POWER OF U. S. MUST BE FELT BEFORE PEACE IS DECLARED

Wilson's Reply, Backed by Allies, Made Rome Realize They Will Not Leave the Central Powers in Control of Present Rulers.

Reward of \$1,000 for First Pennsylvanian Who Takes a German

WEATHERLY, Pa., Sept. 19.—"One thousand dollars for the first Weatherly man who captures a German," was the message this town's first drafted men carried with them as they left to-day for Camp Meade. The reward was offered by State Senator Elmer Warner.

TWO U BOATS SUNK; ONE BY AN ARMED AMERICAN SHIP

Second Reported Destroyed by British Warship After Attacking the U. S. Vessel.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—An American armed steamer probably sank a German submarine in a spirited fight southeast of the Shetlands, according to a Central News despatch from Bergen to-day, quoting the newspaper Aftenbladet.

The American steamer, according to the Central News despatch, encountered a submarine engaged in sinking another merchantman. The American steamer opened fire with her guns and sank the periscope of the U boat.

At this juncture another submarine appeared and fired two torpedoes at the American. Both missed. British destroyers, attracted by the sound of the shots and by wireless calls, responded, arriving in time to sink the second submarine.

Six of the German crew were released. It was declared, and held as prisoners.

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WHEN BRAIN WEAK

Use Harsford's Acid Phosphate and you will be able to do mental work, memory, etc. No alcohol. Buy a bottle and try it.